

# A Comprehensive study on Dynamic Biomechanical Deconstruction of Square Stance versus Open Stance in Tennis

Sunil Kumar<sup>1</sup>, Dr. Arun Kumar Tyagi<sup>2</sup>

Research scholar Professor, Department of Physical Education, Monad University, Pilkhuwa, Uttar Pradesh, India<sup>1</sup>

Professor, Department of Physical Education, Monad University, Pilkhuwa, Uttar Pradesh, India<sup>2</sup>

#### Abstract

This review delves into the biomechanics of the tennis backhand stroke, these studies shed light on the intricate interplay between stance width, muscle activation, ground reaction forces, open versus square stance, and skill level. A key finding suggests that wider stances enhance ball velocity while potentially reducing muscle activity, while narrower stances favor accuracy and control. Optimal stance width appears to be playerspecific, depending on skill level and performance goals. Further analysis revealed distinct muscle activation patterns associated with backhand performance. Elite players displayed greater efficiency in power generation and transfer compared to their sub-elite counterparts. Additionally, wider stances generated higher ground reaction forces, potentially impacting joint loading and injury risk. Studies comparing open and square stance in professional players highlighted contrasting benefits. Open stance yielded greater power and ball velocity, while square stance led to improved accuracy and control. This suggests an individualized approach to stance selection, tailored to player strengths and weaknesses. Comparisons between elite and recreational players revealed differences in trunk rotation, shoulder range of motion, and joint torques, emphasizing the importance of proper backhand biomechanics for optimal performance. Additionally, stance width and ball speed were found to influence backhand biomechanics, with wider stances and faster ball speeds requiring greater trunk rotation and shoulder range of motion. Despite significant progress, some research gaps persist. Future studies should investigate the optimal stance width for diverse skill levels and performance goals, explore the influence of stance width and ball speed on injury risk, and compare backhand biomechanics across different populations. Additionally, developing multimodal approaches incorporating various biomechanical analysis techniques and translating findings into evidence-based training programs and injury prevention strategies are crucial next steps. By addressing these gaps, researchers can deepen our understanding of the complex biomechanics of the tennis backhand, ultimately aiding players of all levels in achieving optimal performance and preventing injuries.

**Keywords:** Biomechanics, Tennis, Backhand stroke, Stance width, Muscle activation.

#### **1. Introduction**

The sport of tennis is a dynamic and physically demanding activity that requires players to employ various techniques and stances to optimize their performance on the court. Among these techniques, the choice between a square stance and an open stance represents a crucial decision that profoundly influences a player's biomechanics and overall gameplay. This comprehensive study aims to delve into the intricate biomechanical dynamics associated with the square stance versus the open stance in tennis, shedding light on the nuances that underlie players' choices and their impact on performance.

The square stance, characterized by the player's feet parallel to the baseline, has been a traditional and widely adopted approach. On the other hand, the open stance, where one foot is positioned ahead of the other, has gained prominence in contemporary tennis, especially with the evolution of the game towards more aggressive and faster-paced rallies. The introduction of open-stance shots, particularly on the backhand side, has redefined the strategic landscape of tennis, prompting players to reconsider their stance choices based on the tactical demands of the game.

This study recognizes the significance of biomechanics in determining the effectiveness of different stances. considering factors such as shot accuracy, power generation, and injury prevention. By employing advanced biomechanical analysis techniques, including motion capture technology and force plate measurements, we aim to dissect the intricate details of player movements and shot executions in both stances. The study will encompass various aspects, such as footwork, weight distribution, and rotational movements, providing a holistic understanding of how these biomechanical elements interplay in the context of square and open stances. In addition to biomechanical insights, this research also intends to explore the perceptual and strategic dimensions of players' stance choices. By incorporating player interviews, surveys, and match analyses, we seek to uncover the cognitive



processes that inform players' decisions regarding stance selection during different game scenarios. Ultimately, this comprehensive exploration will contribute valuable knowledge to coaches, players, and sports scientists, enhancing the understanding of the biomechanical intricacies involved in executing the square stance versus the open stance in tennis.

Beyond biomechanical analysis and perceptual insights, this study will also investigate the impact of the square stance and open stance on injury susceptibility. Tennis players often face the risk of overuse injuries and strain due to the repetitive nature of the sport. By correlating biomechanical data with injury records, we aim to discern whether one stance is associated with a higher incidence of specific injuries and, consequently, inform injury prevention strategies. Moreover, the study will address the tactical and strategic considerations that influence a player's choice between the square and open stances in different match scenarios. Tennis is a game of strategy, and understanding how stances contribute to shot selection, court coverage, and overall game strategy is essential. Through match analyses and strategic assessments, we will explore the advantages and limitations of each stance and provide insights into optimizing stance selection based on specific playing conditions.

The outcomes of this research are expected to contribute not only to the scientific understanding of tennis biomechanics but also to practical applications in coaching and player development. Coaches can use the findings to tailor training programs that enhance players' biomechanical efficiency and strategic adaptability. Players, on the other hand, can benefit from personalized insights into their stance preferences and understand how these preferences align with optimal performance and injury prevention.

In conclusion, this comprehensive study on the dynamic biomechanical deconstruction of the square stance versus the open stance in tennis aims to provide a holistic perspective on the subject. By combining biomechanical analysis, injury considerations, and strategic insights, the research aspires to contribute valuable knowledge to the tennis community, fostering a deeper understanding of the nuanced interactions between player stances and on-court performance.

	<b>X</b> 7			<b>T! !</b>	a
Author Name	Year	Research Gap	Methodology	Finding	Suggestion
				Identified key muscle	
		Lack of comprehensive	-	activity patterns and	Conduct further research
Leanderson, J.,		understanding of	Inverse	their relation to	on the influence of
& Tillman, M.		muscle activation	dynamics and	backhand	stance width and skill
D.	2012	during the backhand	EMG analysis	biomechanics	level
				Wider stance led to	
		Limited research on the		increased ball velocity	Investigate the optimal
		effect of stance width		but lower	stance width for
Lehman, G. J.,		on backhand	Kinematic and	electromyographic	different skill levels and
& Myers, J. B.	2010	performance	EMG analysis	activity	performance goals
Mangine, R. E.,				Wider stance produced	Consider the
Hoffman, M.		Lack of data on ground		greater ground reaction	implications of stance
A., & Wells, A.		reaction forces during	Force plate	forces, potentially	width for injury risk and
D.	2008	the backhand stroke	analysis	impacting joint loading	prevention
		Need for comparison of		Elite players	Implement training
McGinnis, P.		backhand biomechanics	Inverse	demonstrated greater	strategies to optimize
M., & Miller, J.		between elite and sub-	dynamics and	efficiency in power	biomechanics for
H.	2015	elite players	EMG analysis	generation and transfer	improved performance
		Limited understanding		Identified specific	
		of the relationship		kinematic patterns	Recommend
		between backhand		associated with	modifications to
Reilly, T., &		kinematics and back	Kinematic	increased back pain	backhand technique to
Williams, M.	2002	pain	analysis	risk	reduce injury risk
				Open stance generated	Suggest individualized
		Lack of direct		greater power and ball	approach to stance
		comparison between	Inverse	velocity, while square	selection based on
Sanches, M. L.,		open and square stance	dynamics and	stance favored	player strengths and
et al.	2016	in professional players	EMG analysis	accuracy and control	weaknesses



Engineering Universe for Scientific Research and Management

ISSN (Online): 2319-3069

		Need for comparison of			Emphasize the
		biomechanical		Professional players	importance of
Schmitz, A., &		parameters between		exhibited greater trunk	developing proper
Bruggemann, G.		professional and	Kinematic and	rotation and shoulder	backhand biomechanics
P.	2018	recreational players	EMG analysis	range of motion	for optimal performance
					Advocate for using
					inverse dynamics to
		Limited research on the		Identified key	provide a
		role of inverse	Inverse	differences in joint	comprehensive
Singh, S., &		dynamics in backhand	dynamics	torques between elite	understanding of
Jain, S.	2012	stroke analysis	analysis	and sub-elite players	backhand biomechanics
				Wider stance and faster	Encourage coaches and
		Lack of data on the		ball speeds led to	players to consider
		influence of stance		increased trunk rotation	stance width and ball
		width and ball speed on	Kinematic	and shoulder range of	speed when optimizing
Sosa, J. R., et al.	2018	backhand biomechanics	analysis	motion	backhand technique
		Need for investigation			
		of backhand		Identified the complex	Advocate for multi-
Stafilidis, S., &		biomechanics using	Inverse	interplay between joint	modal approaches to
Baltzopoulos,		both inverse dynamics	dynamics and	torques and muscle	provide holistic insights
V.	2014	and EMG	EMG analysis	activation	into the backhand stroke
		Limited research on the			Recommend further
		biomechanical			research to compare the
		differences between	Inverse	Open stance generated	biomechanics of open
Tadeu, R. N., &		open and square stance	dynamics and	higher ball velocity and	and square stances in
Silva, R. V.	2013	in professional players	EMG analysis	greater trunk rotation	diverse populations

## 2. Conclusion

The extensive research surveyed in this review has shed light on the intricate biomechanics governing the tennis backhand stroke. From stance width and muscle activation to ground reaction forces, open versus square stance, and skill level, substantial progress has been made in unraveling the complexities of this fundamental tennis technique. Despite these advancements, there remain unaddressed gaps that present promising avenues for further exploration.

Moving forward, future studies should prioritize optimizing stance width for diverse skill levels and performance goals, investigating the impact of stance width and ball speed on injury risk, and comparing backhand biomechanics across different populations, including variations in age, gender, and playing style. Additionally, there is a need for the development of multi-modal approaches that integrate various biomechanical analysis techniques. Leveraging these findings will allow the creation of evidence-based training programs and injury prevention strategies, potentially revolutionizing how we approach the tennis backhand. By diligently addressing these gaps, researchers can unlock a deeper understanding of the complex biomechanics associated with the tennis backhand, paving the way for enhanced performance and injury prevention across all levels of play and contributing to the continual elevation of the sport.

### References

- Almeida, L. D., Soares, D. G., Souza, T. F., & Ferreira, H. G. (2017). Kinematic analysis of the tennis backhand stroke: A comparative study of the open and square stance. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 16(4), 547-554.
- [2] Bragaru, M., Ionescu, A., & Cosma, G. (2018). Biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand drive in square and open stance using inverse dynamics. Procedia Engineering, 208, 172-179.
- [3] Chockalingam, N., & Manoharan, S. (2013). A review of the biomechanics of the tennis backhand stroke. International Journal of Sports Medicine, 34(13), 1084-1092.
- [4] Espy, D. D., & Williams, D. S. (2006). The effect of stance width and ball placement on the tennis backhand stroke. Journal of Sports Sciences, 24(11), 1173-1180.
- [5] Gómez, A. P., & Fernández, C. (2011). A comparative analysis of the biomechanical parameters of the tennis backhand stroke in open and square stance. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 10(2), 186-193.
- [6] Gupta, A., & Agarwal, A. K. (2019). A comparative study of the effect of stance width on the biomechanical parameters of the tennis backhand stroke in elite and sub-elite players. International Journal of Sports Science and Coaching, 14(4), 535-543.
- [7] Hohmann, E., Heller, M., & Mayer, F. (2005). A three-dimensional kinematic analysis of the tennis



ISSN (Online): 2319-3069

Vol. XV Issue XII December 2023

backhand stroke. International Journal of Sports Medicine, 26(6), 440-444.

- [8] Kovacs, M. S., & McLay, K. (2002). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand drive. Journal of Sports Sciences, 20(10), 797-806.
- [9] Kuitunen, S., Kyröläinen, H., & Avela, J. (2013). Ground reaction forces and electromyographic activity in the lower limbs during tennis backhand stroke with different stance widths. Journal of Sports Sciences, 31(12), 1287-1295.
- [10] Leanderson, J., & Tillman, M. D. (2012). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand stroke using inverse dynamics and EMG. International Journal of Sports Medicine, 33(10), 825-832.
- [11] Lehman, G. J., & Myers, J. B. (2010). The effect of stance width on ball velocity and electromyographic activity during the tennis backhand drive. Journal of Sports Sciences, 28(12), 1371-1379.
- [12] Mangine, R. E., Hoffman, M. A., & Wells, A. D. (2008). Influence of stance width on ground reaction forces during the tennis backhand stroke. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 7(1), 39-45.
- [13] McGinnis, P. M., & Miller, J. H. (2015). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand stroke in elite and sub-elite players. Journal of Sports Sciences, 33(7), 711-720.
- [14] Reilly, T., & Williams, M. (2002). A kinematic analysis of the tennis backhand stroke in relation to back pain. Journal of Sports Sciences, 20(10), 807-819.
- [15] Sanches, M. L., Freitas, S. R., Santos, S. F., & Pereira, G. R. (2016). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand drive in professional players: Open vs. square stance. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 15(1), 142-148
- [16] Schmitz, A., & Bruggemann, G. P. (2018). A comparison of the biomechanical parameters of the tennis backhand stroke in professional and recreational players. Journal of Sports Sciences, 36(14), 1661-1668.
- [17] Singh, S., & Jain, S. (2012). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand stroke in elite and sub-elite players using inverse dynamics. International Journal of Sports Medicine, 33(12), 982-990.
- [18] Sosa, J. R., Fernandes, R. J., & Oliveira, J. M. (2018). A biomechanical comparison of the tennis backhand stroke in different stance widths and ball speeds. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 17(4), 519-527.
- [19] Stafilidis, S., & Baltzopoulos, V. (2014). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand stroke in elite players using inverse dynamics and electromyography. International Journal of Sports Medicine, 35(2), 124-132.
- [20] Tadeu, R. N., & Silva, R. V. (2013). A biomechanical analysis of the tennis backhand stroke in professional players: Open vs. square stance. Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, 12(4), 605-611.